



Macroeconomic Review
by the Polish Investment and Trade Agency
no. 186

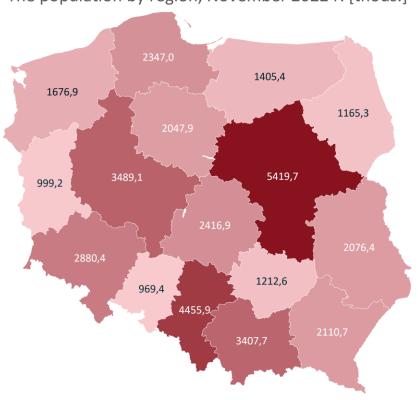
December 2022

Poland's population



The population by region, November 2022 r. [thous.]







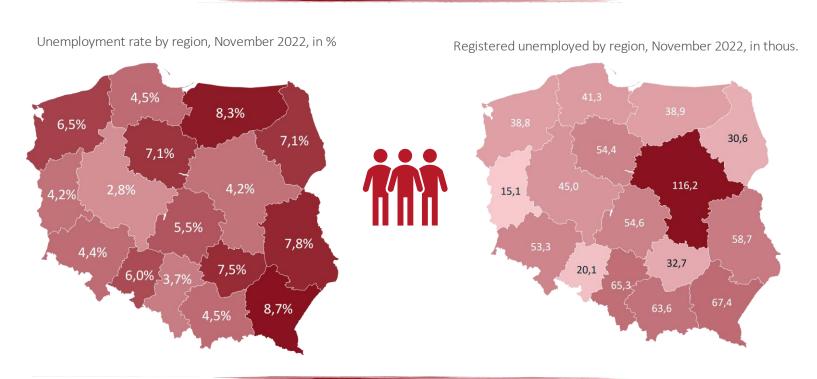




The situation on Poland's labour market (1/2)

The registered unemployment rate at the end of November 2022 was 5.1% and remained at the same level as in October 2022. In November 2021 the rate was 5.4%.

The number of registered unemployed at the end of November 2022 was 800.2 thous., compared to 796.0 thous. last month and 898.8 thous. in the same month last year.

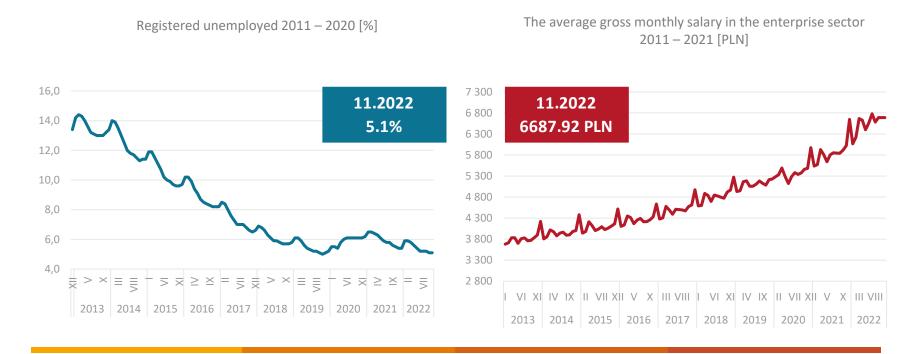






The situation on Poland's labour market (2/2)

In November 2022, average paid employment in the enterprise sector compared to November 2021 was higher by 2.3% y/y and amounted to 6507.5 thousand full-time equivalents. In comparison to the previous month average paid employment increased minimally (by 0.1%). Average gross wages and salaries in the enterprise sector in November 2022 compared to November 2021 were higher by 13.9% y/y and amounted to 6857.96 PLN. In regard to October 2022 average gross wages and salaries increased by 2.5%.





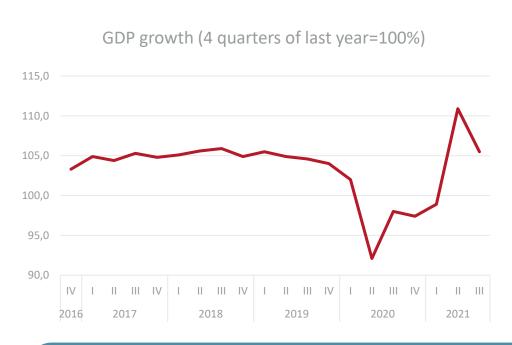
Sources: http://bdm.stat

https://stat.gov.pl/en/topics/labour-market/working-employed-wages-and-salaries-cost-of-labour/

Gross Domestic Product









Forecasts EUROPEAN COMMISSION IMF 2022 2023 2022 2023 4.0% 0.7% 3.8% 0.5%

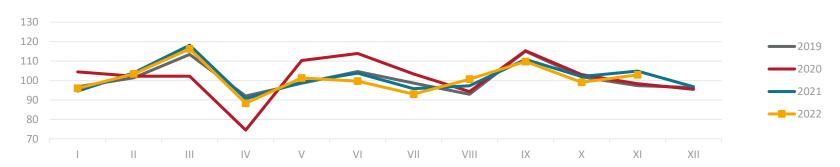


Industrial production sales

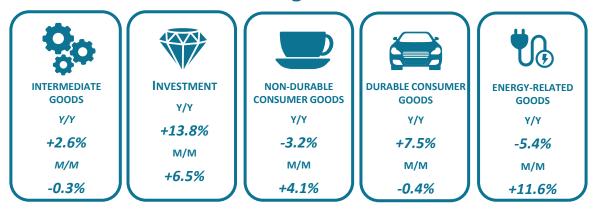


In **November** 2022, sold production of industry was by 4.6% higher than in November 2021, when an increase was recorded by 14.8% as compared to the corresponding period of the previous year, whereas in comparison with October 2022, it increased by 2.9%. In the period January-November of 2022, sold production of industry was by 10.9% higher than in the corresponding period of 2021, which saw an increase by 14.9% as compared to the corresponding period of the previous year.

Industrial production sales in constant prices between 2019 – 2022 (previous month = 100%)



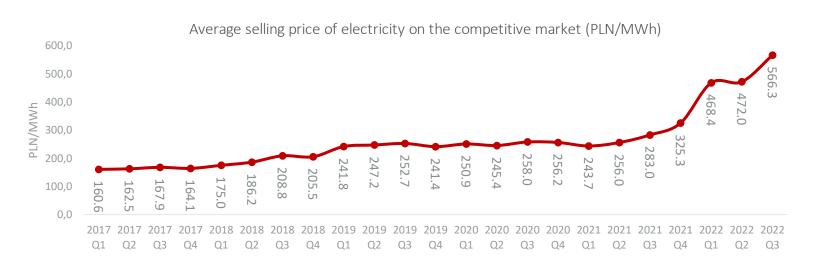
Production of goods – November

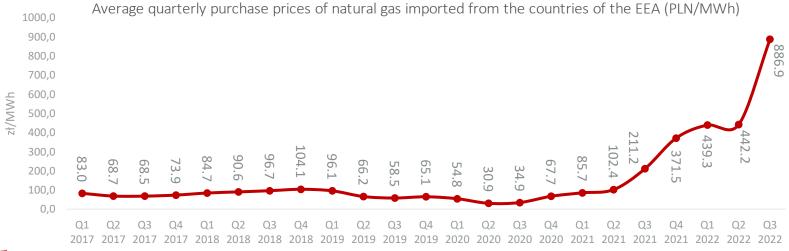












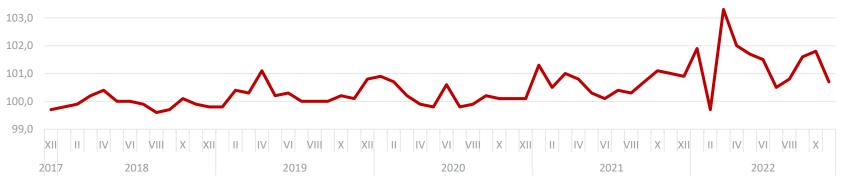


Inflation

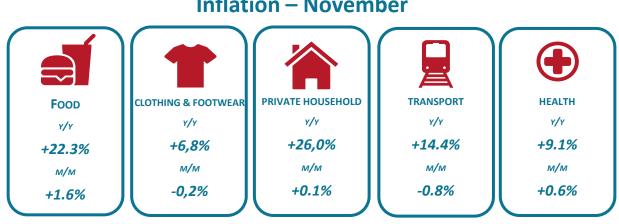


According to the data for November 2022, the value of industrial production prices decreased by 0.5% compared to October 2022 and in comparison with that recorded in the corresponding month of the previous year — increased by 20.8%. Consumer prices in November 2022 increased by 17.5% when compared to the previous month, while year-over-year prices increased by 0.7%.

Consumer Price Index (previous month = 100%)



Inflation - November





International trade (1/2)

Cumulative monthly data



The values and dynamics* of foreign trade

(denominated by currency)

January-October2022

EXPORT
PLN 1321.7 BN
+23.3% Y/Y
IMPORT
PLN 1394.4 BN
+31.0% Y/Y

BALANCE
PLN -72.7 BN

€

EXPORT

€ 283.7 BN

+20.6% Y/Y

IMPORT

€ 299.3 BN

+28.1% Y/Y

BALANCE € -15.6 BN \$

EXPORT

\$ 302.9 *BN* +7.7% *Y/Y* IMPORT

\$ 319.6 BN

+14.4% Y/Y

BALANCE *\$ -16.7 BN*

*in relation to exports / imports in the same period of the previous year

Foreign trade turnover in January - October 2022 in exports at current prices amounted to PLN 1 321.7 bn, while in imports - PLN 1 394.4 bn. The negative balance reached the level of PLN 72.7 bn, while in the same period of 2021 year was positive and amounted to PLN 7.5 bn. In comparison to the corresponding period of 2021 exports increased by 23.3%, while imports by 31.0%.





International trade (2/2)

Cumulative monthly data



	I - X 2022					2021	2022	
Specification	bn PLN bn USD	l. ucp	h. FUD	I - X 2021 = 100			I - X	
		bn EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	struct	ure %	
Exports	1321,7	302,9	283,7	123,3	107,7	120,6	100,0	100,0
Developed countries	1155,1	264,9	248,0	124,7	108,9	121,9	86,4	87,4
of which EU ²	1001,3	229,7	215,0	124,5	108,8	121,7	75,0	75,8
of which euro-zone ³	779,8	178,9	167,5	123,0	107,5	120,3	59,1	59,0
Developing countries	104,4	23,9	22,4	123,1	107,2	120,3	7,9	7,9
Countries of Central and Eastern Europe ⁴	62,2	14,1	13,3	102,7	89,0	100,3	5,7	4,7
Imports ⁵	1394,4	319,6	299,3	131,0	114,4	128,1	100,0	100,0
Developed countries	861,0	197,5	184,9	127,6	111,4	124,8	63,4	61,8
of which EU ²	716,0	164,5	153,8	122,8	107,4	120,1	54,8	51,3
of which euro-zone ³	591,5	135,9	127,1	122,1	106,9	119,5	45,5	42,4
Developing countries	439,7	100,3	94,3	143,0	124,4	139,7	28,9	31,5
Countries of Central and Eastern Europe ⁴	93,6	21,8	20,2	114,3	101,8	112,4	7,7	6,7
Balance	-72,7	-16,7	-15,6					
Developed countries	294,1	67,4	63,1					
of which EU ²	285,3	65,1	61,2					
of which euro-zone ³	188,3	43,0	40,4					
Developing countries	-335,3	-76,4	-71,9					
Countries of Central and Eastern Europe ⁴	-31,4	-7,7	-6,9					





International Trade Trade turnover 2021 (Poland)

Polish Investment & Trade Agency
PFR Group

Preliminary data is available.

EXPORT 2021



Road vehicles
 EUR 27.52 billion



 Electrical machinery and equipment EUR 24.87 billion



Miscellaneous products
 EUR 17.46 billion



Furniture
 and parts thereof
 EUR 13.77 billion



5. Manufactures of metals EUR 13.27 billion





1. Electric current

2. Pulp and waste paper

Gas, natural and manufactured

4. Fixed vegetable fats and oils

5. Coal, coke and briquettes

→ Export - TOTAL EUR 285.80 billion

Exports – growth y/y - TOP 5

IMPORT 2021



 Electrical machinery and equipment EUR 23.77 billion



Road vehicles EUR 22.26 billion



 Petroleum and petroleum products EUR 14.32 billion



 Iron and steel EUR 14.30 billion



 Telecommunications equipment EUR 13.25 billion





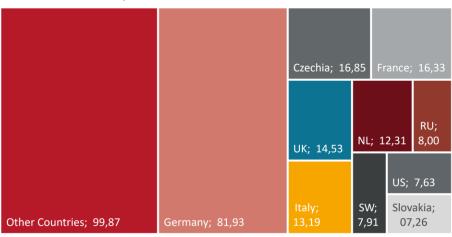
→ Import - TOTAL EUR 286.36 billion

Imports – growth y/y - TOP 5

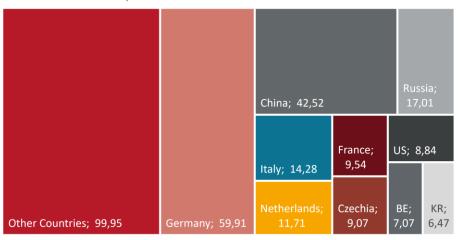
+ 231.5%	1.	Other go
+ 67.1%	2.	Gold, no
+ 62.7%	3.	Gas, nat
+ 62.5%	4.	Iron and
+ 58.7%	5.	Plastics

1.	Other goods and transactions - not classified	+ 233.9%
2.	Gold, non-monetary	+ 88.0%
3.	Gas, natural and manufactured	+ 75.5%
4.	Iron and steel	+ 63.7%
5.	Plastics	+ 54.0%

Export 2021 - TOP 10 countries - b. EUR



Import 2021 - TOP 10 countries - b. EUR



BE – Belgium, KR – South Korea, NL – Netherlands, RU – Russia, SW – Sweden ightarrow



International Trade

Trade turnover across years

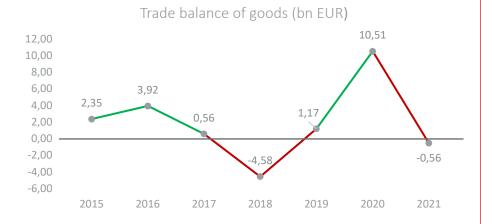
Preliminary data is available.

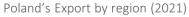


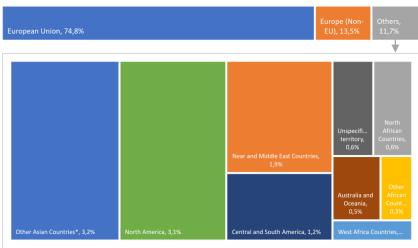
Trade turnover of goods (bn EUR) 310,00 286,36 290,00 285,80 270,00 238,15 239,88 250,00 228,17 230,00 206,65 236,98 229,37 223,60 210,00 184,84 179,58 206,08 190,00 170,00 180,92 2016 2015 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

Export

---Import







*Other Asian Countries (without Near and Middle East Countries)

2021	Export (b. EUR)	Export - share %	Balance (b. EUR)
Europe	252,36	88,3%	64,35
Other Asian Countries*	9,10	3,2%	-62,58
Near and Middle East Countries	5,53	1,9%	-3,54
North African Countries	1,70	0,6%	0,40
Other African Countries	0,95	0,3%	0,18
West Africa Countries	0,73	0,3%	-0,50
North America	8,88	3,1%	-0,47
Central and South America	3,32	1,2%	-0,92
Australia and Oceania	1,44	0,5%	0,74
Antarctica	0,00	0,0%	0,00
Unspecified territory	1,79	0,6%	1,79

Source: Statistics Poland - Foreign Trade Database

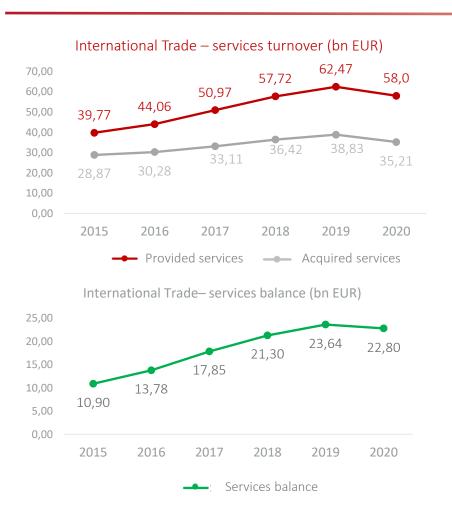


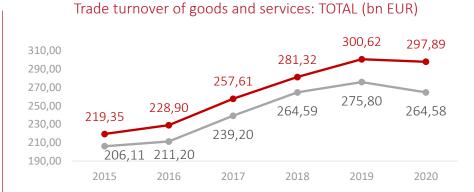
International Trade

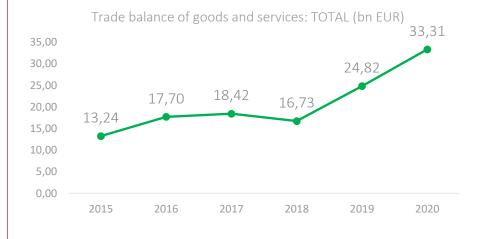
Turnover in services



---Import











Foreign direct investments (FDI) (1/3)

The National Bank of Poland publishes its annual data on the inflow to Poland and the outflow from Poland (transactions) of capital in the form of direct investment, as well as the existing value of FDI in Poland and Polish Direct Investments abroad (state of commitments).

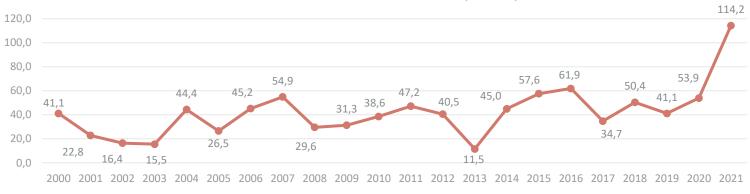




Foreign direct investments (2/3)







Inflow of FDI to Poland 2000-2021 (PLN bn)

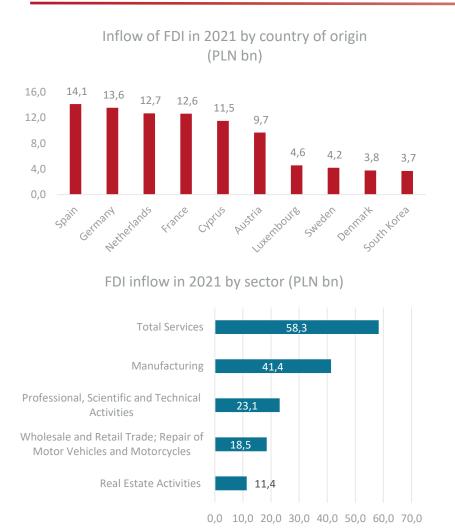
Inflow of FDI to Poland in PLN billion broken down by types of capital flows

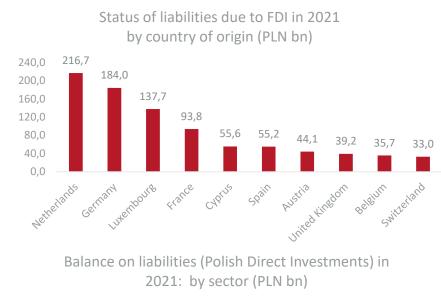


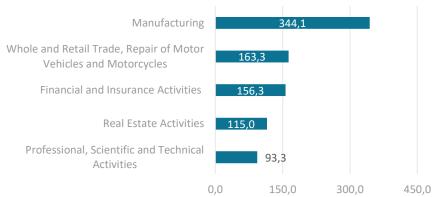


Foreign direct investments (3/3)







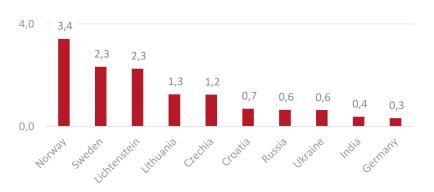




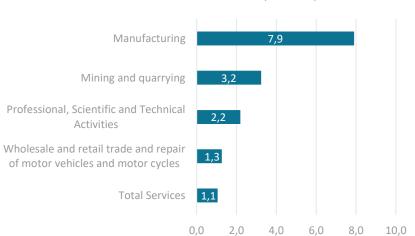


Polish direct investments (PIB)

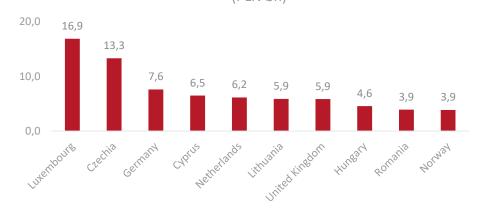
PIB outlow in 2021: countries of destination (PLN bn)



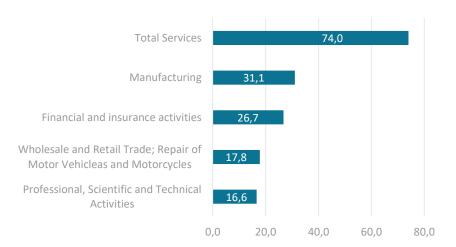
PIB outflow 2021 sectors (PLN bn)



Balance on liabilities PIB in 2021: countries of destination (PLN bn)



Balance on liabilities PIB in 2021: sectors (PLN bn)





^{*}except insurance and pension funding

^{**}except electrical equipment

National Bank of Poland – interest rates



Basic NBP interest rates is a monetary policy tool that regulates the amount of money on the Polish market. By determining the interest rates, the NBP influences the level of the interbank market, and thus the interest rates on loans and deposits of Commercial Banks.

During its meeting on 07.12.2022, the Monetary Policy Council decided to keep the interest rates unchanged.

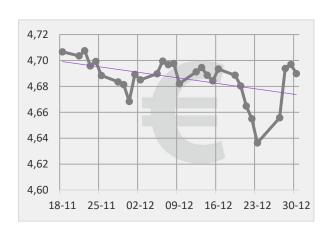
Interest rate	Rate	Applicable since:
Reference rate	6.75%	2022-09-08
Marginal lending facility rate	7.25%	2022-09-08
Deposit rate	6.25%	2022-09-08
Rediscount rate	6.80%	2022-09-08
Minimum reserve ratio for PLN funds and funds in foreign currencies accumulated in bank accounts, for funds obtained from issuing securities	3.50%	2022-03-31



Currency rates

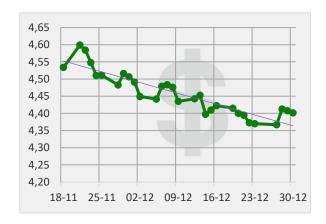


The weighted average in XI 2022:





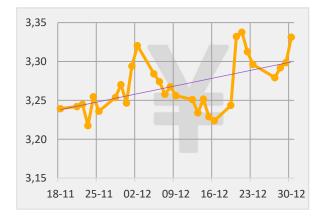








¥ 100 PLN 3.24





Poland's ratings



Credit ratings are used by investment funds and other investors to assess loans for a given entity, e.g. a country, significantly affecting the cost of loans for that entity and related entities.



Moody's	Standard&Poors	Fitch
A2	A-	A-
stable perspective	stable perspective	stable perspective
"Upper medium grade"	"Upper medium grade"	"Upper medium grade"
low credit risk	low credit risk	low credit risk
investment level	investment level	investment level
12.05.2017	12.10.2018	23.08.2013





For further information contact

e-mail:

aleksander.jasinski@paih.gov.pl

pawel.kasprowicz@paih.gov.pl

natalia.lesniak@paih.gov.pl

Address

The Polish Investment and Trade Agency S.A.

The Department for Strategy and Business Promotion

Krucza 50 St.

00-025 Warsaw

Second Edition

Due to the fact that the first edition of December Macroeconomic Review was released earlier than usual, some macroeconomic information has been updated in this Second Edition, according to data available at the end of the month.

